

Threshold Multi Secret Sharing Using Elliptic Curve and Pairing

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Secret Sharing techniques are now the building blocks of several security protocols. A (t, n) threshold secret sharing scheme is one in which t or more participant can join together to retrieve the secret. Traditional single secret sharing schemes are modified and generalized to share multiple secrets. Use of elliptic curve and pairing in secret sharing is gaining more importance. In this paper we propose a threshold multi secret sharing scheme where more than one secret is shared. When the threshold number of participants collate, the multi secret can be retrieved. The scheme make use of elliptic curve and bilinear pairing. Verification of shares by the participants, shares consistency checking, detection and identification of cheaters are the extended capabilities achieved. The shared secrets are retrieved in single stage here, unlike the multi stage secret sharing scheme. The participants can be added very easily. The scheme is efficient and the number of public parameters are also less compared with the existing threshold multi secret sharing scheme based on the elliptic curve. The dealer can easily modify the secret or add additional secret by changing the public parameters of the scheme. This is the first proposal of a threshold multi secret sharing scheme with extended capabilities using self pairing.

Keywords : Cheater Identification, Elliptic Curve, Multi-Secret Sharing, Pairing, Secret Sharing.

1. INTRODUCTION

Secret sharing is an important technique used for secret management. Securing secret key is very important for the proper execution of security protocols [1-65]. The key idea comes from the problem of secure key storage by Shamir [46] and Blakley [5], however secret sharing schemes have found numerous other applications in cryptography, secret key agreement, visual cryptography, threshold encryption, distributed computing *etc.*, [13].

Both Shamir's and Blakley's proposals are (t, n) threshold secret sharing schemes. The secret is shared among n users and t or more users can recover the secret by pooling their shares. Different proposals of threshold schemes are made using linear algebra, number theory, matroids, block codes *etc.*, [1]. But Shamir's scheme was the most prominent because it offers perfect security and is flexible. The scheme is based on Lagrange Interpolation. There are also efficient $O(n \log^2 n)$ algorithms which can be used for the easy implementation of Shamir's scheme.

Extended capabilities are added to threshold

schemes in the later stages. A generalized secret sharing scheme is one where any authorized subset of participants is able to recover the shared secret by pooling their shares. These authorized subset is called the access structure of the scheme. The most efficient and easy to implement scheme was Ito, Saito, Nishizeki's construction [25]. The major issue with generalized secret secret sharing scheme is the share size or the number of shares each participant has to store corresponds to each authorized access structure. Some of the proposals for the generalized secret sharing can be found in [3] [7] [53] [26] [34].

Cheater identification and detection, share verification are the major security requirement in secret sharing scheme. Each participant must be able to check the validity of the shares submitted by other participants during the reconstruction phase and also the shares distributed by the Dealer in the share distribution phase. Verifiable and Publicly Verifiable Secret Sharing (PVSS) schemes are proposed in this regard where not only the participant but any one can publicly verify the validity and consistency of the shares distributed by the Dealer. Dynamic, proactive secret sharing *etc.*, made the

Table 1
Comparison of Various Schemes Using Elliptic Curve and Pairing

scheme	Liu [33]	Chen [60]	Wang [59]	Eslami [15]	Proposed
single(ss)/multi secret(ms)	ms	ss	ms	ms	ms
secrets	t	1	t	m +n	$m \geq n$
public parameters	5 + 3m	8 +n-t	8+2*n	8+n+m-t	7+n+m
single stage	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
verifiability	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
cheater detection	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
cheater identification	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

problem. This is avoided in our scheme. The verification code does not reveal any information about the secret and is more secure compared with the existing scheme.

7. CONCLUSIONS

In this paper we have proposed a novel threshold multi-secret sharing scheme based on elliptic curve and bilinear pairing. Most of the scheme proposed in the literature use bilinear pairing for verification of shares or identification of cheating. We have used the method of point sharing and verification using self pairing. A non degenerate Tate pairing or modified Weil pairing can be used to share multiple secrets. The number of public parameters are greatly reduced and the security does not depend on the hard computational problem. The verification mechanism can prevent users from cheating. Also the consistency of the shares can be verified by the participants which avoids the need of a trusted dealer.

The proposed scheme is the first multi secret sharing scheme with the extended capabilities of share verification and cheater identification based on self pairing. The use of elliptic curve and self pairing can be further explored to develop secret sharing schemes with more generalized access structure.

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